Age	Development characteristics	Main risk	Main dangers	Some advice
week to		Falls	• Bed, baby scale, changing table, sofa	Do not leave the child alone on the changing table Use a changing table with sides, change on the ground
I month		Burns	Feeding bottle temperature (re use of microwave ovens), hot-water bottle, bath	Temperature of the bottle heater less than 50°C, check temperature with elbow, check temperature of liquids
		Drowning	• Bath	Suitable bathtub and/or support seat Do not leave the child alone
		Asphyxia / suffocation	Cords, small chains on neck, bars on bed, fabric sides of bed, coins, small objects	No cords, no animals in the bedroom, max. 6.5cm gaps between bars on bed, no pillow
oout 2 to months	• Crawling • Can turn on his/her side	Car	 Falls/bangs if the child is not attached to a baby car seat suitable given his/her age and weight 	 Never put the baby car seat in the front of a car with a passenger airbag Use a baby car seat that meets safety standards, suitable given age and weight of the child Do not leave the child alone in a car
about 4 to 6 months	 Touches everything within reach Puts things in his/her mouth Turns from his/her back onto his/her stomach 	Falls	Changing tables, baby walkers, stairs, furniture, bed, high chairs, prams	• Gates at the top and the bottom of stairs, child seatbelted in prams, corners of tables
		Burns	Hot taps, tablecloths, bathtubs, hot liquids on coffee tables, oven doors	• Place mats, temperature of bottle heater less than 50°C, turn on cold water taps before turning on hot water taps
		Drowning	Bathtubs, swimming pools, lakes, rivers, sea, canals, etc.	Bath: supporting device, baby never alone, even if water is not very deep, non-slip mat
		Asphyxia / suffocation	Chain around neck, cords, plastic bags	Avoid having objects within reach of baby, objects to be at least the size of a table tennis ball
about 9 to 12 months	 Can stand up using a support Can sit up unsupported Takes hold of small objects Lets go of objects deliberately Touches everything Changes position: sitting, on all fours, standing up 	Intoxication	Alcohol on coffee table, medication, cleaning products, insecticides, toxic plants	Do not leave these items lying around, put them out of baby's reach
		Foreign bodies	Small objects (buttons, thumb tacks, toys, etc.), small-sized food (nuts, etc.)	• No toys with small parts, put them out of baby's reach
		Electrocution	Sockets, electrical appliances and wires, extension leads connected to mains power but not to an appliance	 Plug guards, safety sockets, put away electrical wires and appliances
		Cuts	Objects that can break, sharp objects	Put them away, out of reach
		Car	• Falls/bangs if the child is not attached to a suitable baby car seat	 Use a baby car seat that meets safety standards, suitable given age of baby, on the back seat Never leave a child alone in a car
about 18 months	 Walks and goes up stairs alone, walks backwards Goes up and down stairs supporting himself/herself on walls/balustrades Is starting to use cups and spoons Curious about everything, wants to taste and touch everything 	Falls	 Stairs, carts, furniture, windows, balconies, bunk beds, slippery carpets and rugs, playgrounds 	 Gates fitted to stairs, window safety devices, no chairs on balconies / in front of windows, non-slip carpets and rugs, stable furniture
		Burns	 Hot water taps, ovens, cooking pots, irons, humidifiers, hot liquids 	• Cooker/oven protection devices, cooking pot handles turned to the inside, hot food out of reach
		Drowning	Swimming pools, rivers, lakes, canals, etc., bathtubs	Never leave baby alone, familiarise with water as soon as possible
		Asphyxia / suffocation	• Plastic bags	• Put plastic bags out of reach of baby
		Foreign bodies	• Small objects in body openings – mouth, ears, nose, etc.	• No toys with small parts, put out of reach (objects to be at least the size of a table tennis ball)
oout 24 onths	Copies people around him/her Understands simple	Intoxication	Medication, cosmetics, cleaning products, insecticides, toxic berries and plants	• Do not leave these items lying around, put them away at a min. height of 1.6 metres
oout 3	explanations • Opens drawers and doors	Bites	• Your own or other people's pets	• Do not leave child alone with animals, respect animals' territory, especially when they are eating
years old	 Unscrews recipients Puts on wooden pearls Asks questions 	Electrocution	 Plugged-in appliances, extension leads/electric wires connected to mains power with no appliances plugged into them 	• Unplug appliances, put away equipment
		Cuts	Objects that could break, sharp objects, lawnmowers	• Put them away out of child's reach, make sure there are no objects that could fall over and onto child
		Car	• Falls/bangs of the child is not strapped into a suitable baby car seat	 Use a baby car seat that meets quality standards, suitable given age, fitted to the back seat of the vehicle Do not leave child alone in car
about 4 years old	 Curious, discovering things Identifies with adults and imitates them Wants to do things on his/ her own 	Dangers outdoors	• Lifts, garage, streets, playgrounds, swimming pools	 Talk to your child: you will now be able to explain dangers to him/her Check ground surface in playgrounds (hard?), light-coloured cloths if he/she is in the street
		Falls	 Stairs, windows, balconies, bunk beds Bikes 	 Gates fitted to stairs, window safety devices, no chairs in front of balconies and windows, non-slip rugs and carpets, teach child how to go down stairs safely Helmet when cycling
		Burns	Matches, lighters, candles, fireworks, ovens, cooking pots, barbecues	 From age 3¹/₂, teach your child to feel the heat of objects, keep matches and lighters out of child's reach
		Drowning	Rivers, lakes, canals, ponds, etc., swimming pools	Never leave the child alone, teach him/her to swim as soon as possible, cover ponds, swimming pools, etc. outside your home
about 5/6 years old	 Getting more independent Cannot assess the speed of a vehicle Identifies with adults and copies them 	Intoxication	Cleaning products, medication, cosmetics, toxic berries, mushrooms, and plants	 Do not leave these items lying around, put them away at a minimum height of 1.6 metres Explain to your child why he/she should not eat these things
		Bites	• Your own or other people's pets	Respect animals' territory, be careful when petting them, especially when they are eating
		Electrocution	Hairdryers, drills and other electrical appliances	Do not use electrical appliances in humid environments (bathrooms, etc.), use safety sockets, unplug appliances when they are not in use
		Cuts	Sharp objects, food cans, Do it Yourself and gardening tools	• Put them away out of your child's reach
		Car	Falls/bangs if the child is not strapped into a suitable baby car seat	 Use a baby car seat that meets safety standards, suitable given age, on the back seat Do not leave children alone in cars



This can cause serious brain damage that can lead to disability or even death. Does your baby's crying upset you? But him/her in his/her bed, leave the room and call a trusted person or a professional.

Health emergencies: call 144

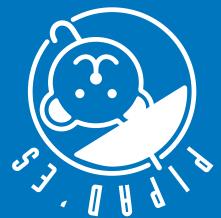
AVASAD - Association vaudoise d'aide et de soins à domicile CRIPE - Centre de référence des infirmières petite enfance rte de Chavannes 37 1014 Lausanne 021 623 36 28 info@pipades.ch 2019

Programme to prevent accidents happening to children



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